

Printing Problem

Silicone print pad will not release the complete image

Pad Related Possibilities	Corrective Action
Pad may be worn or dried out.	Install new silicone pad.
Insufficient print stroke.	Increase downward force of print stroke.
Pad surface may be damaged.	Replace pad if there are any scuffs, worn areas or if the pad has exceeded its life expectancy.
Ink Related Possibilities	Corrective Action
Ink is too thick (causing the image to dry before printing). Ink viscosity is to thin (thinner does not flash off or dissipate quickly enough).	Add thinner. Speed up machine cycle. Use a faster evaporating thinner. Apply front dwell feature. Blow a light stream of air on the pad.
Cliche' Related Possibilities	Corrective Action
Etch depth may be too deep.	Re make cliche using longer screen exposure.
Substrate Related Possibilities	Corrective Action
Surface contamination (mold release, grease, oil or dust).	Preclean metal parts with Printex C-Solv. For plastic, painted or coated materials use an industrial alcohol (TEST A SMALL AREA FIRST).

Troubleshooting Tip

First determine if the ink viscosity is too thick or to thin. It is easiest to determine if your ink mixture is too thin by using the front dwell feature on Printex machines. This feature stalls the downward movement of the pad in the print position. This allows for excess thinner to flash off before printing. You may also accomplish the same thing by blowing a light stream of air towards the pads, this method will not sacrifice the machines cycle-time to increase.

It is a little more difficult determining if the ink is too thick. Some indications are: rolled or curled edges, flaky appearance and poor adhesion.

The area in which your pad printer is being used has a great affect in the process. Ideal conditions are to have the printer in a controlled area of 67 - 73 degrees F with 40-60% humidity.